An Introduction

An Introduction

An Introduction

Seventh Edition



and

John Archibald

UNIVERSITY OF VICTORIA



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To the memory of Michael Dobrovolsky, founding co-editor of Contemporary Linguistic Analysis Convinced at once that, in order to break loose from the beaten paths of opinions and systems, it was necessary to proceed in my study of man and society by scientific methods, and in a rigorous manner, I devoted one year to philology and grammar; linguistics, or the natural history of speech, being, of all the sciences, that which best suited the researches which I was about to commence.

PIERRE-JOSEPH PROUDHON, WHAT IS PROPERTY? (1840)

Brief Contents

Preface xiii About this book xvii List of technical abbreviations xix

- 1 Language: a preview...1
- 2 Phonetics: the sounds of language...14
- 3 Phonology: contrasts and patterns...56
- 4 Morphology: the analysis of word structure...100
- 5 Syntax: the analysis of sentence structure...139
- 6 Semantics: the analysis of meaning...181
- 7 The classification of languages...218
- 8 Historical linguistics: the study of language change...249
- 9 Aboriginal languages of Canada...307
- 10 First language acquisition...323
- 11 Second language acquisition...361
- 12 Psycholinguistics: the study of language processing...391
- 13 Brain and language...418
- 14 Language in social contexts...439
- 15 Writing and language...473
- 16 www.pearsoncanada.ca/ogrady (Companion Website) Animal communication

Glossary 499 Sources 525 Language Index 000 Index 000

Contents

Preface xiii About this book xvii List of technical abbreviations xix

1 Language: a preview...1

WILLIAM O'GRADY

- 1.1 Specialization for language 1
- 1.2 A creative system 3
- 1.3 Grammar and linguistic competence 5 Summing up 11 Notes 12 Recommended reading 12 Exercises 12

Phonetics: the sounds of language...14

MICHAEL DOBROVOLSKY

- 2.1 Phonetic transcription 15
- 2.2 The sound-producing system 17
- 2.3 Sound classes 20
- 2.4 Consonant articulation 22
- 2.5 Manners of articulation 25
- 2.6 Vowels 34
- 2.7 Phonetic transcription of Canadian English consonants and vowels 38
- 2.8 Suprasegmentals 40
- 2.9 Speech production 46
- 2.10 Other vowels and consonants 51 Summing up 52 Notes 52 Recommended reading 52 Exercises 53

Phonology: contrasts and

3 patterns...56

WILLIAM O'GRADY CARRIE DYCK YVAN ROSE EWA CZAYKOWSKA-HIGGINS MICHAEL DOBROVOLSKY

- 3.1 Segments 56
- 3.2 Syllables 65
- 3.3 Features 76
- 3.4 Derivations and rules 85
 Summing up 88
 Notes 89
 Recommended reading 89
 Appendix: hints for solving phonology problems 90
 Exercises 93
 - Morphology: the analysis of
- 4 word structure...100

WILLIAM O'GRADY VIDEA DE GUZMAN

- 4.1 Words and word structure 101
- 4.2 Derivation 107
- 4.3 Compounding 111
- 4.4 Inflection 115
- 4.5 Other morphological phenomena 119
- 4.6 Morphophonemics 127

 Summing up 128
 Notes 129
 Recommended reading 129
 Appendix: how to identify morphemes in unfamiliar languages 129
 Exercises 130
 - Syntax: the analysis of sentence
- 5 structure...139
- 5.1 Categories and structure 140
- 5.2 Complement options 150
- 5.3 Move 154
- 5.4 Universal Grammar and parametric variation 161
- 5.5 Some additional structures 166 Summing up 173 Appendix: how to build tree structures 173 Using Merge to build simple phrases 173

6

Using Merge to build sentence structure 175 Using Move 175 Exercises 177

Semantics: the analysis of meaning...181

WILLIAM O'GRADY

- 6.1 The nature of meaning 181
- 6.2 The conceptual system 190
- 6.3 Syntax and sentence interpretation 198
- 6.4 Other factors in sentence interpretation 207 Summing up 212 Recommended reading 212 Exercises 213

The classification of

7 languages...218

ALEKSANDRA STEINBERGS WILLIAM O'GRADY

- 7.1 Basic issues and concerns 218
- 7.2 Typological classification 223
- 7.3 Genetic classification 238 Summing up 245 Recommended reading 246 Exercises 246

Historical linguistics: the study of language change...249

ROBERT W. MURRAY

- 8.1 The nature of language change 249
- 8.2 Sound change 253

8

- 8.3 Morphological change 266
- 8.4 Syntactic change 271
- 8.5 Lexical and semantic change 274
- 8.6 The spread of change 282
- 8.7 Language reconstruction 285
- 8.8 Language change and naturalness 298 Summing up 299 Notes 300 Recommended reading 300 Exercises 301

Aboriginal languages of Canada...307

Canada...307

DARIN FLYNN

- 9.1 Ethnolinguistic overview 307
- 9.2 Structural features 316 Summing up 322 Recommended reading 322
- 10 First language acquisition...323

WILLIAM O'GRADY SOOK WHAN CHO

- 10.1 The study of language acquisition 323
- 10.2 Phonological development 327
- 10.3 Vocabulary development 332
- 10.4 Morphological development 338
- 10.5 Syntactic development 342
- 10.6 What makes language acquisition possible? 349 Summing up 356 Recommended reading 357 Exercises 357
- 11 Second language acquisition...361

JOHN ARCHIBALD

- 11.1 The study of second language acquisition 362
- 11.2 Interlanguage grammars 366
- 11.3 Factors affecting SLA 379
- 11.4 The L2 classroom 383 Summing up 387 Notes 388 Recommended reading 388 Exercises 389

Psycholinguistics: the study of

12 language processing...391

GARY LIBBEN

- 12.1 Methods of psycholinguistic research 391
- 12.2 Language processing and linguistics 401
- 12.3 Putting it all together: psycholinguistic modelling 410

x

Summing up 416 Recommended reading 416 Exercises 416

13 Brain and language...418

GARY LIBBEN

- 13.1 The human brain 418
- 13.2 Investigating the brain 422
- 13.3 Aphasia 427
- 13.4 Acquired dyslexia and dysgraphia 432
- 13.5 Linguistic theory and aphasia 433
- 13.6 Language in the brain: what's where? 435 Summing up 437 Notes 437 Recommended reading 437 Exercises 438

14 Language in social contexts...439

GERARD VAN HERK

- 14.1 Language variation and social distinctions 441
- 14.2 Place 443
- 14.3 Time 447
- 14.4 Isolation 449
- 14.5 Contact 453
- 14.6 Distinctions within a community: class, ethnicity, and gender 457
- 14.7 Social interaction and language 462
- 14.8 How societies deal with language 466 Summing up 470 Recommended reading 470 Exercises 470
- 15 Writing and language...473

WILLIAM O'GRADY MICHAEL DOBROVOLSKY

15.1 Types of writing 473

- 15.2 The early history of writing 475
- 15.3 The evolution of writing 478
- 15.4 Some non-European writing systems 484
- 15.5 English orthography 489
- 15.6 Writing and reading 494 Summing up 496 Notes 496 Recommended reading 496 Exercises 497

www.pearsoncanada.ca/ogrady (Companion Website)

16 Animal communication

MICHAEL DOBROVOLSKY

- 16.1 Non-vocal communication
- 16.2 Communication structure: the study of signs
- 16.3 The bees
- 16.4 The birds
- 16.5 Non-human primates
- 16.6 Testing non-human primates for linguistic ability
- 16.7 Comparing communication systems: design features
 Summing up
 Notes
 Recommended reading
 Exercises

Glossary 499 Sources 525 Language Index 000 Index 000

Preface

From its inception, the basic goal of *Contemporary Linguistic Analysis* has been to provide an up-to-date introduction to the discipline of linguistics while at the same time covering phenomena that are of special interest and relevance to the linguistic situation in Canada. Indeed, *Contemporary Linguistic Analysis* was the first textbook to offer such a focus.

These dual objectives have grown increasingly challenging in recent years, as work in the various subdisciplines of linguistics becomes more technical and far-reaching. As the size of the textbook increased in response to these trends, it became necessary to search for new solutions to the problem of just how much an introductory textbook can and should cover. This allows instructors and students easy access to more challenging or detailed material, while keeping the size and complexity of the text within reasonable bounds.

It has often been difficult to decide where to draw the line between essential and advanced material, of course, and we now have some appreciation of what it feels like to be the Minister of Finance in tough economic times. The pressing need to reduce and restructure is constantly challenged by cries of "Don't cut there." After much experimentation and compromise (a Canadian virtue if ever there was one), we have arrived at a division of labour that we all—editors, referees, and publisher—feel reasonably comfortable with. We hope that this will still allow instructors the flexibility to create the kind of introductory course that they want for their students.

New to this Edition

The eighth edition has been modified to reflect changes in the discipline as well as comments from faculty and students who used the seventh edition. These modifications include

- A rewritten version of Chapter 5, Syntax: the analysis of sentence structure, updated to reflect new developments in the field.
- Revision of individual chapters to update and clarify their content, as well as offer revised end-of-chapter exercises that allow students to work through some of the concepts discussed in the chapter.
- A revised Study Guide offering practice exercises covering all 15 chapters of the textbook, accompanied by an instructor answer key.

Supplements to the Text

Contemporary Linguistic Analysis: An Introduction, Eighth Edition, offers a number of supplements that will enrich both the instructor's presentation of introductory linguistics and the student's understanding of it.

Instructor Supplements

■ Answer Key to *Contemporary Linguistic Analysis* (ISBN 9780134086620). This answer key contains solutions to the series of exercises found at the end of each chapter in the textbook. It is available for download from the Pearson Online Catalogue.

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- Study Guide (ISBN 9780134086613). Each Study Guide chapter lists the main topics or concepts discussed in the textbook and features a series of exercises designed to help you understand the core concepts.
- Answer Key to the *Study Guide* (ISBN 09780134181431). This answer key contains solutions to the exercises found in each chapter of the study guide. This resource can be downloaded from the Instructor Resource Centre.
- Companion Website (www.pearsoncanada.ca/ogrady) Organized by textbook chapter number, the website features audio exercise files in chapter 2 and advanced material relating to many topics covered in the textbook. A chapter on animal communication is also included on the Companion Website.
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As has been the case from its inception in the early 1980s, *Contemporary Linguistic Analysis* has benefited from the comments, advice, and assistance of many people. Over the years, we have consistently received extraordinary support from our publisher's executive team, first at Copp

Clark, later at Addison Wesley Longman, and now at Pearson Canada. We would particularly like to acknowledge the pioneering efforts of Les Petriw, Brian Henderson, Jeff Miller, and the late Linda Scott and Steve Mills. Preparation of the current edition was made possible through the extraordinary efforts of the Pearson Canada team, especially acquisitions editor, Matthew Christian; project managers, Avinash Chandra and Marissa Lok; program manager, Madhu Ranadive; development editor, Patti Sayle; and production editor, Rachel Stuckey.

Heartfelt thanks are also due to the many colleagues and students who have taken the time to offer their suggestions and corrections: (in alphabetical order) Victoria Anderson, Mark Aronoff, Howard Aronson, Peter Avery, Henry Bain, Keira Ballantyne, Byron Bender, Derek Bickerton, Chad Blecke, Marina Blekher, Didier Bloch, Vaiana Bloch, Robert Blust, Vit Bubenik, Patrick Burke, Ed Burstynsky, Gary Byma, Lyle Campbell, Steven Carey, Andrew Carnie, Jack Chambers, Harold Chester, Shuji Chiba, Miho Choo, Michael Clauss, Vanna Condax, Eung-Do Cook, Lynda Costello, John Davison, Kamil Deen, John DeFrancis, Denise Devenuto, Michael Dobrovolsky, Annette Dominik, Nicole Domingue, Katie Drager, Elan Dresher, Matthew Dryer, Karine Dupuis, Amitabh Dwivedi, Carrie Dyck, Sheila Embleton, Evile Feleti, Robert Fisher, Laura Pratt, Michael Forman, Donald Frantz, Ali Al Ghail, Inge Genee, Donna Gerdts, Kevin Gregg, John Haiman, Alice Harris, Margaret Hayes, John Hewson, Joyce Hildebrand, Darin Howe, Robert Hsu, David Ingram, Ricky Jacobs, Marcela Jonas, Kazue Kanno, Brian King, James Kirchner, Sandra Kirkham, Emily Korth, Marta Kutas, Dawn Lee, Jinhwa Lee, Hsiu-chuan Liao, Gary Libben, Mats Lundälv (Blissymbolics Communication International), Anatole Lyovin, Mary C. Marino, Barry Meislin, Yves-Charles Morin, Anna Moro, Woody Mott, Robert Murray, Chandan Narayan, Jon Nissenbaum, Judith Nylvek, Michael O'Grady, George Patterson, David Pentland, Mary Pepper, Julia Peters, David Peterson, Marilyn Philips, Terry Pratt and the students in his linguistics course at the University of Prince Edward Island, R. Radhakrishnan, Jonathan Rahn, Lawrence Reid, Keren Rice, Lorna Rowsell, Yutaka Sato, Coral Sayce, Nicole Schauder, Albert Schütz, Carson Schütze, Peter Seyffert, Patricia Shaw, Ronald Southerland, Lois Stanford, Stanley Starosta, Magda Stroinska, Leone Sveinson, Nozomi Tanaka, Allison Teasdale, Alain Thomas, Charles Ulrich, Tim Vance, Theo Venneman, Douglas Walker, Lydia White, James Woodward, Norio Yamada, and Nava Zvaig.

Thanks are also due to the professors across Canada, including Richard Compton from the University of Toronto, who read and commented on individual eighth edition chapters and sections.

We also very grateful to our ever-alert and perceptive proofreader Pamela Erlichman, whose work as copy editor for several earlier editions of this book continue to contribute to its quality. Her efforts were complemented by our technical reviewer Jennifer Abbot, whose close attention to detail has led to many important corrections.

As the demands of producing a wide-ranging, state-of-the art textbook increase with each edition, it has become necessary to coordinate the tasks of copy editing, technical fact checking, critical reading, and strategic rewriting by placing them in the hands of a single person. There was only one person to whom we could turn—the extraordinary Joyce Hildebrand of Speargrass Communications. Joyce is at once a trained linguist, a published writer, and a professional copy editor. No one in the world has been able to combine those three gifts in the way that she has. She is among the elite editors in her profession, and we are forever in her debt for the guidance and assistance that she provided on this project.

About this book

Linguistics provides students with an ideal introduction to the kind of thinking we call "scientific." Such thinking proceeds from the discovering of problems and puzzles, to hypotheses that attempt to account for those problems, to the careful testing and extension of these hypotheses. But science is more than a formal activity. One of the great pleasures offered introductory students of linguistics is the discovery of the impressive body of subconscious knowledge that underlies language use. This book attempts to emphasize the importance of this knowledge as well as to introduce the scientific methodology used in linguistic analysis.

Although this is the first linguistics textbook designed primarily for a Canadian readership, we have tried to do much more than simply provide coverage of linguistic phenomena peculiar to Canada. As the title suggests, we have attempted an introduction to linguistic analysis as it is practised at this stage in the development of our discipline. While we do not ignore or reject other fruitful approaches to linguistics, we have taken the generative paradigm as basic for two reasons. First, generative linguistics provides a relatively coherent and integrated approach to basic linguistic phenomena. Phonetics, phonology, morphology, syntax, and semantics are viewed within this framework, as perhaps in no other, as fully integrated and interrelated. Second, the generative approach has been widely influential in its application to a broad range of other linguistic phenomena over the past several decades, including the study of first and second language learning, historical linguistics, typology, psycholinguistics, neurollinguistics.

The extent of our "contemporariness" has been limited by the inevitable compromise between the need to present basic concepts and the demands of sophisticated and competing recent approaches. In some cases, early versions of our chapters were judged "too contemporary" by instructors who were not specialists in the subfields in question. This led to substantial revisions and a somewhat more traditional approach to certain issues than was originally intended. Nonetheless, we have made every effort to provide what is promised by the title—an introductory text that provides a solid grounding in basic linguistic concepts as well as a text that prepares the student to go on to current work in the discipline.

No textbook can be all things to all users. We hope that this book will provide students with not only a broad introduction to linguistic analysis, but also a greater appreciation of the wonder of human language.

List of technical abbreviations

*		т 1	6. (1
~	(in front of words or sentences)	L1	first language
	unacceptable	L2	second language
#	word boundary	LN	last name
1	first person	Loc	locative case
1	primary stress	Loc	location
2	second person	М	mid tone
2	secondary stress	N	noun
3	third person	N	nucleus
A	adjective	Nom	
Abl	ablative case	NP	noun phrase
Abs	absolutive case	0	(direct) object
Acc	accusative case	О	onset
Adv	adverb	Obl	oblique
AdvP	adverb phrase	OE	Old English
Af	affix	Р	preposition, postposition
ag	agent	Pass	passive
AP	adjective phrase	PET	positron emission tomography
Aux	auxiliary verb	PIE	Proto-Indo-European
B			
	bound root	pl	plural
C	complementizer	PP	prepositional phrase
С	consonant	PR	phonetic representation
caus	cause	Prs	present tense
CG	constricted glottis	Pst	past tense
cmpl	completed action	R	rhyme
C_0	any number of consonants	R	rounded
Co	coda	RC	relative cause
Com	comitative	REA	right ear advantage
CP	complementizer phrase	recip	recipient
CT		S	sentence
DA	computerized axial tomography derivational affix	S	
			subject
Dat	dative case	σ	syllable
Deg	degree word	SES	socioeconomic status
DR	delayed release	SG	spread glottis
EEG	electroencephalogram	sg	singular
Erg	ergative case	SLA	second language acquisition
ERP	event-related potentials	th	theme
ESL	English as a second language	Т	title alone
FN	first name	TLN	title + last name
Fut	future tense	Тор	topic
_		UG	Universal Grammar
Gen	genitive case	TTD	
go	goal	UR	underlying representation
Н	high tone	UR	unrounded
IA	inflectional affix	V	verb
indic	indicative	V	vowel
IP	inflectional phrase (= S)	VP	verb phrase
IPA	International Phonetic Alphabet	W	woman
L	low tone	Wd	word

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- 1 Language: a preview...1
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- 3 Phonology: contrasts and patterns...56
- 4 Morphology: the analysis of word structure...100
- 5 Syntax: the analysis of sentence structure...139
- 6 Semantics: the analysis of meaning...181
- 7 The classification of languages...218
- 8 Historical linguistics: the study of language change...249
- 9 Aboriginal languages of Canada...307
- 10 First language acquisition...323
- 11 Second language acquisition...361
- 12 Psycholinguistics: the study of language processing...391
- 13 Brain and language...418
- 14 Language in social contexts...439
- 15 Writing and language...473
- 16 www.pearsoncanada.ca/ogrady (Companion Website) Animal communication

Glossary 499 Sources 525 Language Index 000 Index 000

Contents

Preface xiii About this book xvii List of technical abbreviations xix

1 Language: a preview...1

WILLIAM O'GRADY

- 1.1 Specialization for language 1
- 1.2 A creative system 3
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Phonetics: the sounds of language...14

MICHAEL DOBROVOLSKY

- 2.1 Phonetic transcription 15
- 2.2 The sound-producing system 17
- 2.3 Sound classes 20
- 2.4 Consonant articulation 22
- 2.5 Manners of articulation 25
- 2.6 Vowels 34
- 2.7 Phonetic transcription of Canadian English consonants and vowels 38
- 2.8 Suprasegmentals 40
- 2.9 Speech production 46
- 2.10 Other vowels and consonants 51 Summing up 52 Notes 52 Recommended reading 52 Exercises 53

Phonology: contrasts and

3 patterns...56

WILLIAM O'GRADY CARRIE DYCK YVAN ROSE EWA CZAYKOWSKA-HIGGINS MICHAEL DOBROVOLSKY

- 3.1 Segments 56
- 3.2 Syllables 65
- 3.3 Features 76
- 3.4 Derivations and rules 85
 Summing up 88
 Notes 89
 Recommended reading 89
 Appendix: hints for solving phonology problems 90
 Exercises 93
 - Morphology: the analysis of
- 4 word structure...100

WILLIAM O'GRADY VIDEA DE GUZMAN

- 4.1 Words and word structure 101
- 4.2 Derivation 107
- 4.3 Compounding 111
- 4.4 Inflection 115
- 4.5 Other morphological phenomena 119
- 4.6 Morphophonemics 127

 Summing up 128
 Notes 129
 Recommended reading 129
 Appendix: how to identify morphemes in unfamiliar languages 129
 Exercises 130
 - Syntax: the analysis of sentence
- 5 structure...139
- 5.1 Categories and structure 140
- 5.2 Complement options 150
- 5.3 Move 154
- 5.4 Universal Grammar and parametric variation 161
- 5.5 Some additional structures 166 Summing up 173 Appendix: how to build tree structures 173 Using Merge to build simple phrases 173

6

Using Merge to build sentence structure 175 Using Move 175 Exercises 177

Semantics: the analysis of meaning...181

WILLIAM O'GRADY

- 6.1 The nature of meaning 181
- 6.2 The conceptual system 190
- 6.3 Syntax and sentence interpretation 198
- 6.4 Other factors in sentence interpretation 207 Summing up 212 Recommended reading 212 Exercises 213

The classification of

7 languages...218

ALEKSANDRA STEINBERGS WILLIAM O'GRADY

- 7.1 Basic issues and concerns 218
- 7.2 Typological classification 223
- 7.3 Genetic classification 238 Summing up 245 Recommended reading 246 Exercises 246

Historical linguistics: the study of language change...249

ROBERT W. MURRAY

- 8.1 The nature of language change 249
- 8.2 Sound change 253

8

- 8.3 Morphological change 266
- 8.4 Syntactic change 271
- 8.5 Lexical and semantic change 274
- 8.6 The spread of change 282
- 8.7 Language reconstruction 285
- 8.8 Language change and naturalness 298
 Summing up 299
 Notes 300
 Recommended reading 300
 Exercises 301

Aboriginal languages of Canada...307

Canada...307

DARIN FLYNN

- 9.1 Ethnolinguistic overview 307
- 9.2 Structural features 316 Summing up 322 Recommended reading 322
- 10 First language acquisition...323

WILLIAM O'GRADY SOOK WHAN CHO

- 10.1 The study of language acquisition 323
- 10.2 Phonological development 327
- 10.3 Vocabulary development 332
- 10.4 Morphological development 338
- 10.5 Syntactic development 342
- 10.6 What makes language acquisition possible? 349 Summing up 356 Recommended reading 357 Exercises 357
- 11 Second language acquisition...361

JOHN ARCHIBALD

- 11.1 The study of second language acquisition 362
- 11.2 Interlanguage grammars 366
- 11.3 Factors affecting SLA 379
- 11.4 The L2 classroom 383 Summing up 387 Notes 388 Recommended reading 388 Exercises 389

Psycholinguistics: the study of

12 language processing...391

GARY LIBBEN

- 12.1 Methods of psycholinguistic research 391
- 12.2 Language processing and linguistics 401
- 12.3 Putting it all together: psycholinguistic modelling 410

Summing up 416 Recommended reading 416 Exercises 416

13 Brain and language...418

GARY LIBBEN

- 13.1 The human brain 418
- 13.2 Investigating the brain 422
- 13.3 Aphasia 427
- 13.4 Acquired dyslexia and dysgraphia 432
- 13.5 Linguistic theory and aphasia 433
- 13.6 Language in the brain: what's where? 435 Summing up 437 Notes 437 Recommended reading 437 Exercises 438

14 Language in social contexts...439

GERARD VAN HERK

- 14.1 Language variation and social distinctions 441
- 14.2 Place 443
- 14.3 Time 447
- 14.4 Isolation 449
- 14.5 Contact 453
- 14.6 Distinctions within a community: class, ethnicity, and gender 457
- 14.7 Social interaction and language 462
- 14.8 How societies deal with language 466 Summing up 470 Recommended reading 470 Exercises 470
- 15 Writing and language...473

WILLIAM O'GRADY MICHAEL DOBROVOLSKY

15.1 Types of writing 473

- 15.2 The early history of writing 475
- 15.3 The evolution of writing 478
- 15.4 Some non-European writing systems 484
- 15.5 English orthography 489
- 15.6 Writing and reading 494 Summing up 496 Notes 496 Recommended reading 496 Exercises 497

www.pearsoncanada.ca/ogrady (Companion Website)

16 Animal communication

MICHAEL DOBROVOLSKY

- 16.1 Non-vocal communication
- 16.2 Communication structure: the study of signs
- 16.3 The bees
- 16.4 The birds
- 16.5 Non-human primates
- 16.6 Testing non-human primates for linguistic ability
- 16.7 Comparing communication systems: design features
 Summing up
 Notes
 Recommended reading
 Exercises

Glossary 499 Sources 525 Language Index 000 Index 000

Preface

From its inception, the basic goal of *Contemporary Linguistic Analysis* has been to provide an up-to-date introduction to the discipline of linguistics while at the same time covering phenomena that are of special interest and relevance to the linguistic situation in Canada. Indeed, *Contemporary Linguistic Analysis* was the first textbook to offer such a focus.

These dual objectives have grown increasingly challenging in recent years, as work in the various subdisciplines of linguistics becomes more technical and far-reaching. As the size of the textbook increased in response to these trends, it became necessary to search for new solutions to the problem of just how much an introductory textbook can and should cover. This allows instructors and students easy access to more challenging or detailed material, while keeping the size and complexity of the text within reasonable bounds.

It has often been difficult to decide where to draw the line between essential and advanced material, of course, and we now have some appreciation of what it feels like to be the Minister of Finance in tough economic times. The pressing need to reduce and restructure is constantly challenged by cries of "Don't cut there." After much experimentation and compromise (a Canadian virtue if ever there was one), we have arrived at a division of labour that we all—editors, referees, and publisher—feel reasonably comfortable with. We hope that this will still allow instructors the flexibility to create the kind of introductory course that they want for their students.

New to this Edition

The eighth edition has been modified to reflect changes in the discipline as well as comments from faculty and students who used the seventh edition. These modifications include

- A rewritten version of Chapter 5, Syntax: the analysis of sentence structure, updated to reflect new developments in the field.
- Revision of individual chapters to update and clarify their content, as well as offer revised end-of-chapter exercises that allow students to work through some of the concepts discussed in the chapter.
- A revised Study Guide offering practice exercises covering all 15 chapters of the textbook, accompanied by an instructor answer key.

Supplements to the Text

Contemporary Linguistic Analysis: An Introduction, Eighth Edition, offers a number of supplements that will enrich both the instructor's presentation of introductory linguistics and the student's understanding of it.

Instructor Supplements

Answer Key to Contemporary Linguistic Analysis (ISBN 9780134086620). This answer key contains solutions to the series of exercises found at the end of each chapter in the textbook. It is available for download from the Pearson Online Catalogue.

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Student Supplements

- Study Guide (ISBN 9780134086613). Each Study Guide chapter lists the main topics or concepts discussed in the textbook and features a series of exercises designed to help you understand the core concepts.
- Answer Key to the *Study Guide* (ISBN 09780134181431). This answer key contains solutions to the exercises found in each chapter of the study guide. This resource can be downloaded from the Instructor Resource Centre.
- Companion Website (www.pearsoncanada.ca/ogrady) Organized by textbook chapter number, the website features audio exercise files in chapter 2 and advanced material relating to many topics covered in the textbook. A chapter on animal communication is also included on the Companion Website.
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Acknowledgments

As has been the case from its inception in the early 1980s, *Contemporary Linguistic Analysis* has benefited from the comments, advice, and assistance of many people. Over the years, we have consistently received extraordinary support from our publisher's executive team, first at Copp

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We also very grateful to our ever-alert and perceptive proofreader Pamela Erlichman, whose work as copy editor for several earlier editions of this book continue to contribute to its quality. Her efforts were complemented by our technical reviewer Jennifer Abbot, whose close attention to detail has led to many important corrections.

As the demands of producing a wide-ranging, state-of-the art textbook increase with each edition, it has become necessary to coordinate the tasks of copy editing, technical fact checking, critical reading, and strategic rewriting by placing them in the hands of a single person. There was only one person to whom we could turn—the extraordinary Joyce Hildebrand of Speargrass Communications. Joyce is at once a trained linguist, a published writer, and a professional copy editor. No one in the world has been able to combine those three gifts in the way that she has. She is among the elite editors in her profession, and we are forever in her debt for the guidance and assistance that she provided on this project.

About this book

Linguistics provides students with an ideal introduction to the kind of thinking we call "scientific." Such thinking proceeds from the discovering of problems and puzzles, to hypotheses that attempt to account for those problems, to the careful testing and extension of these hypotheses. But science is more than a formal activity. One of the great pleasures offered introductory students of linguistics is the discovery of the impressive body of subconscious knowledge that underlies language use. This book attempts to emphasize the importance of this knowledge as well as to introduce the scientific methodology used in linguistic analysis.

Although this is the first linguistics textbook designed primarily for a Canadian readership, we have tried to do much more than simply provide coverage of linguistic phenomena peculiar to Canada. As the title suggests, we have attempted an introduction to linguistic analysis as it is practised at this stage in the development of our discipline. While we do not ignore or reject other fruitful approaches to linguistics, we have taken the generative paradigm as basic for two reasons. First, generative linguistics provides a relatively coherent and integrated approach to basic linguistic phenomena. Phonetics, phonology, morphology, syntax, and semantics are viewed within this framework, as perhaps in no other, as fully integrated and interrelated. Second, the generative approach has been widely influential in its application to a broad range of other linguistic phenomena over the past several decades, including the study of first and second language learning, historical linguistics, typology, psycholinguistics, neurollinguistics.

The extent of our "contemporariness" has been limited by the inevitable compromise between the need to present basic concepts and the demands of sophisticated and competing recent approaches. In some cases, early versions of our chapters were judged "too contemporary" by instructors who were not specialists in the subfields in question. This led to substantial revisions and a somewhat more traditional approach to certain issues than was originally intended. Nonetheless, we have made every effort to provide what is promised by the title—an introductory text that provides a solid grounding in basic linguistic concepts as well as a text that prepares the student to go on to current work in the discipline.

No textbook can be all things to all users. We hope that this book will provide students with not only a broad introduction to linguistic analysis, but also a greater appreciation of the wonder of human language.

List of technical abbreviations

*		T 1	
*	(in front of words or sentences)	L1	first language
	unacceptable	L2	second language
#	word boundary	LN	last name
1	first person	Loc	locative case
1	primary stress	Loc	location
2	second person	М	mid tone
2	secondary stress	Ν	noun
3	third person	Ν	nucleus
А	adjective	Nom	nominative case
Abl	ablative case	NP	noun phrase
Abs	absolutive case	0	(direct) object
		0 0	
Acc	accusative case		onset
Adv	adverb	Obl	oblique
AdvP	adverb phrase	OE	Old English
Af	affix	Р	preposition, postposition
ag	agent	Pass	passive
AP	adjective phrase	PET	positron emission tomography
Aux	auxiliary verb	PIE	Proto-Indo-European
В	bound root	pl	plural
С	complementizer	PP	prepositional phrase
С	consonant	PR	phonetic representation
caus	cause	Prs	present tense
CG	constricted glottis	Pst	past tense
		R	
cmpl	completed action		rhyme
C ₀	any number of consonants	R	rounded
Со	coda	RC	relative cause
Com	comitative	REA	right ear advantage
CP	complementizer phrase	recip	recipient
СТ	computerized axial tomography	S	sentence
DA	derivational affix	S	subject
Dat	dative case	σ	syllable
Deg	degree word	SES	socioeconomic status
DR	delayed release	SG	spread glottis
EEG	electroencephalogram	sg	singular
Erg	ergative case	SĽA	second language acquisition
ERP	event-related potentials	th	theme
ESL	English as a second language	T	title alone
FN	first name	TLN	title + last name
Fut	future tense	Тор	topic
Gen	genitive case	UG	Universal Grammar
go	goal	UR	underlying representation
H	high tone	UR	unrounded
IA	inflectional affix	V	verb
indic	indicative	V	vowel
IP	inflectional phrase (= S)	VP	verb phrase
IPA	International Phonetic Alphabet	W	woman
L	low tone	Wd	word

An Introduction